

### **LEVEL 1**

## D. Responsibilities of the Board

	Scorecard Item		Answer	
D.1	Board Duties and Responsibilities	Guiding Reference	(Yes/No)	GLO Remarks
Clearly	defined board responsibilities and corporate g	overnance policy		
D.1.1	Does the company disclose its corporate governance policy / board charter?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): IV. Disclosure and transparency IV.A. Disclosure should include, but not be limited to, material information on: 9. Governance structures and policies, including the extent of compliance with national corporate governance codes or policies and the process by which they are implemented.	YES	Globe Telecom's corporate governance (CG) policies are primarily in the Manual of Corporate Governance (MCG) and Charter of the Board of Directors. These are posted on the company website.  In support of the MCG and Charter of the Board of Directors (Board Charter), each board committee also has its own committee Charter alongside Globe's Code of Conduct (CoC) and company policies.  Corporate Governance (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance.html  GLO MCG, pp. 31-33 (Article III, Section 8.1-8.7) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  Company Policies (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/company-policies GLO i-ACGR, pp. 76 (Recommendation 8.7)



D.1.2	Are the types of decisions requiring board of directors/commissioners' approval disclosed ?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: 1. Reviewing and guiding corporate strategy, major plans of action, annual budgets and business plans; setting performance objectives; monitoring implementation and corporate performance; and overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures. 2. Reviewing and assessing risk management policies and procedures. 3. Monitoring the	YES	https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28Mav2024.pdf  The types of decisions requiring board approval are generally discussed in the MCG, the Board Charter, and the annual integrated report (IR), which are publicly available through our company website. Globe's Board of Directors establishes the vision, mission and strategic direction of the Company, hence, is the supreme authority in matters of governance. The Board monitors the overall corporate performance and protects the long-term interests of the various stakeholders ensuring transparency, accountability and fairness. Ensuring the adequacy of internal control mechanisms, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are also integrated as part of overseeing the responsibility for risk management.  Furthermore, certain matters including the approval of corporate operating and capital budgets, major acquisitions and disposals of assets, major investments and changes in authority and approval limits are reserved specifically for the Board's disposition. Any material decision that could also affect the company's business direction, operations and stakeholders will be properly disclosed in accordance with regulatory disclosure requirements.  GLO MCG, pp. 7-11 (Article II, Section 2.2-2.3)
		performance; and overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures. 2. Reviewing and assessing risk management policies	YES	operating and capital budgets, major acquisitions and disposals of assets, major investments and changes in authority and approval limits are reserved specifically for the Board's disposition. Any material decision that could also affect the company's business direction, operations and stakeholders will be properly disclosed in accordance with regulatory disclosure requirements.  GLO MCG, pp. 7-11 (Article II, Section 2.2-2.3) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob
		company's governance practices and making changes as needed. 4. Selecting, overseeing and monitoring the performance of key executives, and, when necessary, replacing them		e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporat e-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 39-40, 60 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 18-21 (Recommendation 2.1-2.2)



		and overseeing succession planning. 5. Aligning key executive and board remuneration with the longer term interests of the company and its		https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO Board Charter (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf
		shareholders. 6. Ensuring a formal and transparent board nomination and election process. 7.  Monitoring and managing potential conflicts of		Board of Directors (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors
D.1.3	Are the roles and responsibilities of the board of directors/commissioners clearly stated ?	interest of management, board members and shareholders, including misuse of corporate assets and abuse in related party transactions. 8. Ensuring the integrity of the corporation's accounting and reporting systems for disclosure, including the independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place, in compliance with the law and relevant standards. 9. Overseeing the process of disclosure and communications	YES	The roles and responsibilities of Globe's Board of Directors are outlined in our MCG, IR and Board Charter, which apply to all directors, including independent directors. Each board committee also has its own Charter to further specify board members' roles and responsibilities specific to the function of the committee, in addition to a director's role as a member of the Board.  GLO Board Charter, pp. 7-12 (Article I, Section 1.8-1.9) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 39-40, 60 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 18-21 (Recommendation 2.1-2.2) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO MCG, pp. 5-16 (Article II, Section 2)



				https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  Board of Directors (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees
Corpor	ate Vision/Mission			
D.1.4	Does the company have an updated vision and mission statement?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: 1. Reviewing and guiding corporate strategy, major plans of action, annual budgets and business plans; setting performance objectives; monitoring implementation and corporate performance; and overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures.	YES	An annual review of the Globe mission, vision, and values, together with the company's business strategies, is conducted to stay relevant to the growing needs of the business and stakeholders. The Board performed this exercise again in 2023. Our updated vision and mission statement are posted on our website, i-ACGR and IR.  Vision, Mission and Values (Company website)  https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/corporate-objectives.html  GLO i-ACGR, p. 21 (Supplement to Recommendation 2.2(1))  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 5, 41  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf



D.1.5	Does the board of directors play a leading role in the process of developing and reviewing the company's strategy at least annually?	YES	Our Board of Directors play a leading role in the process of developing and reviewing our strategy at least annually, if not sooner, as provided in our MCG and Board Charter. Our Board reviewed and updated these for Globe in the last financial year. The same is stated in our company website, i-ACGR and IR.  Our Board of Directors, as part of its functions and responsibilities, leads, develops and reviews Globe Telecom's strategic direction and business strategies regularly. Management is entrusted with the implementation, communication, alignment, development of balanced scorecard, and close monitoring of the business strategies, as approved by the Board. Board and management hold a strategy refresh, at the beginning of the following year, to evaluate the implementation of the business strategies and ensure that these remain well-executed and relevant.  Our strategy execution process is extensively discussed and embedded in the products, services and corporate objectives in our IR and on our website:  Vision, Mission and Values (Company website)  https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/corporate-objectives
			GLO MCG, pp. 1, 8, 28 (Article I; Article II, Section 2.2(i), 5.4(b)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporat e-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf
			GLO Board Charter, p. 9 (Article I, Section 1.8.2(i)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/ Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf



				GLO 2023 IR, pp. 5, 41, 47-48 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo be-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 19-21 (Recommendation 2.2) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.1.6	Does the board of directors have a process to review, monitor and oversee the implementation of the corporate strategy?	ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 1: Board role and responsibilities 1.1 Responsibilities The board is accountable to shareholders and relevant stakeholders for preserving and enhancing sustainable value over the long-term in alignment with a company's purpose and long-term strategy. G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: 1. Reviewing and guiding corporate strategy, major plans of action, annual budgets and business plans; setting performance objectives; monitoring implementation and corporate performance; and overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures.	YES	Part of the Board's responsibilities is to "Oversee the development of, and approvecorporate strategies and objectives and monitor implementation in order to sustainlong-term viability and strength". This is stated in our MCG, Board Charter and IR:  GLO MCG, p. 6 (Article II, Section 2.1(b)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, p. 7 (Article I, Section 1.8.1(ii)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 5, 41, 47-48 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf



	Scorecard Item	Cuiding Reference	Answer	CI O Powerles
D.2	Board Structure	Guiding Reference	(Yes/No)	GLO Remarks
Code o	f Ethics or Conduct			
D.2.1	Are the details of the code of ethics or conduct disclosed?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.C. The board should apply high ethical standards. The board has a key role in setting the ethical tone of a company, not only through its own actions, but also in appointing and overseeing key executives and consequently the management in general	YES	Globe Telecom's Code of Conduct (CoC) and its details are publicly accessible and downloadable through our company website. Some of the key policies in the CoC are also included in our IR, MCG and our company website.  GLO CoC https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/company-policies/Code-of-Conduct-2022-v2.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 52-53, 129 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, p. 63 (Recommendation 7.1(3)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO MCG, p. 30-31 (Article II, Section 7.1) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf
D.2.2	Are all directors/commissioners, senior management and employees required to comply with the code/s?		YES	Our Globe Code of Conduct applies to all Globe employees, directors and even consultants hired directly by Globe. Therefore all our directors, senior management and employees are required to comply with the Code. This statement of commitment to comply is also in the



			Code and reiterated in our MCG in relation to their commitment to the CG principles and best practices in the MCG:
			GLO CoC, p. 3 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/company-policies/Code-of-Conduct-2022-v2.pdf
			GLO MCG, p. 30-31 (Article II, Section 7.1) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporat e-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf
			GLO i-ACGR, p. 62-63 (Recommendation 7.2(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
			GLO 2023 IR, p. 41 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf
D.2.3	Does the company have a process to implement and monitor compliance with the code/s of ethics or conduct?	YES	Our Human Resources Group (HR Group) ensures that the CoC is disseminated and implemented through information campaign of the CoC and the annual training programs the Group conducts to enhance awareness of the Code. This is mentioned in our IR and i-ACGR. An example of which is the annual release of the Disclosure on Related Parties Form, which all employees must accomplish, attested by their immediate superior or group head, and submit to the HR Group. Our internal HR Portal also contains a copy of the CoC for all employees to access. HR also aims to continue conducting refresher courses for continued education on CoC, good CG and business ethics among our employees, including Board and Management.
			As professionals, Globe believes that the maintenance of order and discipline is a line management responsibility. Thus, enforcement of



rules, including the conduct of disciplinary proceedings, is a Management function. In performing this function, Management is assisted by our HR Group, Internal Audit, Corporate and Legal Services Group and/or Security as may be warranted by the circumstances of each case.

Our Board also plays a primary role in setting the tone of compliance and commitment to the principles and standards espoused in our CoC and MCG. Further, to ensure adherence to corporate principles and best practices, a Chief Compliance Officer was appointed by the Board of Directors to, among others, determine violations of the Manual of Corporate Governance, which includes violations of the CoC, and create a system for according due notice and hearing, or due process in dealing with violations of our MCG.

Further, an annual Certification of Compliance with Globe Telecom's CoC is issued and signed by the Chief Human Resource Officer (CHRO). This is posted on the website and included in our IR.

### GLO 2023 IR, pp. 39-40, 41, 181

 $\underline{\text{https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf}}$ 

### GLO i-ACGR, p. 64-65 (Recommendation 7.2)

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#### GLO CoC

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/company-policies/Code-of-Conduct-2022-v2.pdf



Board S D.2.4	tructure & Composition  Do independent directors/commissioners make up at least 50% of the board of	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance		GLO MCG, pp. 5; 47 (Article II, Section 1.5; Article VII, Section 15.1)  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporat e-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  Globe's 11-member Board includes four (4) independent and non-executive directors, one of whom is female.
	directors/commissioners?	(2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs	NO	Board of Directors (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 5-6 (Recommendation 1.2) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  Voting Results of the 2023 ASM, PDF p. 2 (Item 4) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders -meeting/2023/GLO Voting Results ASM-2023.pdf  Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 4-5 (Item 4) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders -meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting -Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf  Voting Results of the 2024 ASM, Item 3, PDF pp.1-2 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-ASM -2024-Voting-Results.pdf



D.2.5	Does the company have a term limit of nine years or less or 2 terms of five years each for its	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The		Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, Item 3, PDF pp. 4 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  According to Globe's MCG and Board Charter, an independent director can only serve as such for a total of nine (9) years from the date of first appointment. This is also reiterated in our IR and i-ACGR:
	independent directors/ commissioners? 1 The five years term must be required by legislation which preexisted the introduction of the ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard in 2011	responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs While national approaches to defining independence vary, a range of criteria are used, such as the absence of relationships with the company, its group and its management, the external auditor of the company and substantial shareholders, as well as the absence of remuneration, directly or indirectly, from the company or its group other than directorship fees. The board may also be required to make an affirmative finding that a director is independent of the company because they	YES	GLO MCG, p. 28 (Article II, Section 5.3) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporat e-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, p. 15 (Article II, Section 1.3) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/ Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 39-40 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo be-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 56-57 (Recommendation 5.3) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf



have no material	
relationship with the	
company or that the	
director has no relationship	
which would interfere with	
the exercise of independent	
judgement in carrying out	
the responsibilities of a	
director. Many jurisdictions	
also set a maximum tenure	
for directors to be	
considered independent.)	
ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 3:	
Composition and	
appointment 3.4 Tenure	
Independent non-executive	
directors should serve for	
an appropriate length of	
time to ensure they	
contribute an impartial	
perspective to board	
discussion and	
decision-making. Term	
limits, where they exist,	
and the identity of directors	
who have exceeded such	
limits (and thus no longer	
deemed independent)	
should be disclosed.	
Director tenure should be	
reviewed by the	
Nomination Committee	
annually and director	



	•			,
		re-election contingent on a		
		satisfactory evaluation of		
		his or her contribution to		
		the board.		
D.2.6	Has the company set a limit of five board seats that an individual independent/non-executive director/commissioner may hold simultaneously?	the board.  G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. V.E.3 Board members should be able to commit themselves effectively to their responsibilities. Service on too many boards or committees can interfere with the performance of	YES	As stated in our MCG and Board Charter, "non-executive directors of the Board may concurrently serve as directors to a maximum of five (5) publicly-listed companies to ensure that they have sufficient time to fully prepare for meetings, challenge Management's proposals or views, and oversee the long-term strategy" of Globe.  GLO MCG, p. 26 (Article II, Section 4.2) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, p. 18 (Article II, Section 1.9) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/
D.2.7	Does the company have any executive directors	board members. Some jurisdictions have limited the number of board		Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  Ernest L. Cu, the President and CEO of Globe Telecom, Inc. and the
	who serve on more than two boards of listed companies outside of the group?	positions that can be held. Specific limitations may be less important than		only executive director in our Board of Directors, does not hold directorship in any other publicly listed company.
		ensuring that members of the board enjoy legitimacy and confidence in the eyes of shareholders. Disclosure	NO	GLO 2023 IR, pp. 31, 39-40 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf
		about other board and committee memberships and chair responsibilities to shareholders is therefore a		GLO i-ACGR, pp. 52-53 (Optional: Principle 4(1))  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE
		key instrument to improve		C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
		board and committee nominations. Achieving legitimacy would also be		Ernest L. Cu – Board of Directors (Company website)



		facilitated by the publication of attendance records for individual board members (e.g. whether they have missed a significant number of meetings) and any other work undertaken on behalf of the board and the associated remuneration.		https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/ernest-l-cu.html  GLO MCG, p. 26 (Article II, Section 4.2(b)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, p. 18 (Article II, Section 1.9(b)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf
Nomina	ting Committee	!		
D.2.8	Does the company have a Nominating Committee?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): II: The rights and equitable treatment of shareholders and key ownership functions II.C.5 Effective shareholder participation in key corporate governance decisions, such as the nomination and election of board members, should be facilitated. Shareholders should be able to make their views known, including through votes at shareholder meetings, on the remuneration of board members and/or key executives, as applicable. The equity component of compensation schemes for	YES	Globe's Board may create committees as it deems necessary, in accordance with the By-Laws and MCG, to support it in the performance of its functions and to aid in CG. Currently, there are six board committees, one of which is the Nomination and Governance Committee. The Nomination and Governance Committee members and its Charter are posted on our website.  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees  Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF p. 5-6 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf



		board members and employees should be subject to shareholder approval With respect to nomination of candidates, boards in many companies have established nomination committees to ensure proper compliance and transparency with established nomination		Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5-6 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 44 (Recommendation 3.3(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.2.9	Is the Nominating Committee comprised of a majority of independent directors/commissioners?	procedures and to facilitate and co-ordinate the search for a balanced, diverse and qualified board. It is regarded as good practice for independent board members to have a key role on this committee. To further improve the selection process, the Principles also call for full and timely disclosure of the experience and background of candidates for the board and the nomination process, which will allow an informed assessment of the abilities and suitability of each candidate. It is required or considered good practice in some jurisdictions to also disclose information about any other board positions or committee memberships that nominees hold, and in some jurisdictions also	YES	Globe's Nomination and Governance Committee is composed of three (3) non-executive directors, all of whom are independent directors including the Committee chairman.  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees  Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF p. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf  Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF p. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C-Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GLO-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 45-46 (Recommendation 3.3(2-3)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf



D.2.10	Is the chairman of the Nominating Committee an independent director/commissioner?	positions that they are nominated for. G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.E.1 Boards should consider assigning a sufficient number of independent board members capable of exercising independent judgement to tasks where there is a potential for conflicts of interest. Examples of such key responsibilities are ensuring the integrity of financial and other corporate reporting, the review of related party transactions, and nomination and	YES	GLO 2023 IR, p. 42 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf Globe's Nomination and Governance Committee chairman is a non-executive and independent director, Mr. Ramon L. Jocson.  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees  Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF p. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf
		members and key executives.		Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 46 (Recommendation 3.3(3)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf



D.2.11	Does the company disclose the terms of reference/ governance structure/charter of the Nominating Committee?  Is the meeting attendance of the Nominating Committee disclosed and if so, did the Nominating Committee meet at least twice during the year?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.E The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. V.E.2. Boards should consider setting up specialised committees to support the full board in performing its functions, in particular the audit committee – or equivalent body – for overseeing disclosure, internal controls and audit-related matters. Other committees, such as remuneration, nomination or risk management, may provide support to the	YES	GLO 2023 IR, pp. 37, 42 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  The Nomination and Governance Committee Charter is publicly available through our company website.  GLO Nomination and Governance Committee Charter https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Nomination-and-Governance-Committee-Charter.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 44-45, 50 (Recommendations 3.3(1) and 3.6(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  The Nomination and Governance Committee met four (4) times in 2023. The attendance is disclosed in our IR, company website and i-ACGR.  GLO 2023 IR, p. 44 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf
D.2.12	Committee disclosed and if so, did the Nominating	functions, in particular the audit committee – or equivalent body – for overseeing disclosure, internal controls and audit-related matters. Other committees, such as remuneration, nomination or risk management, may	YES	2023. The attendance is disclosed in our IR, company website and i-ACGR.  GLO 2023 IR, p. 44 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo



		size, structure, sector or level of development of the company as well as the board's needs and the profile of its members, the use of committees may improve the work of the board and allow for a deeper focus on specific areas. In order to evaluate the merits of board committees, it is important that the market receives a full and clear picture of their mandate, scope, working procedures and composition. Such information is particularly important in the many jurisdictions where boards are required to establish independent audit committees with powers to oversee the relationship		
		with the external auditor.		
Remune	ration Committee / Compensation Committee			
D.2.13	Does the company have a Remuneration Committee?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.5 Aligning key executive and board remuneration with the longer term interests of the company and its	YES	Globe's Board may create committees as it deems necessary, in accordance with the By-Laws and MCG, to support it in the performance of its functions and to aid in CG.  Currently, there are six board committees, one of which is the Compensation and Remuneration Committee. The Compensation and Remuneration Committee members and its Charter are posted on our website.  Board Committees (Company website)



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		shareholders. It is regarded as good practice for boards to develop and disclose a remuneration policy statement covering board members and key executives, as well as to disclose their remuneration levels set pursuant to this policy. Such policy statements may specify, especially with respect to executives, the relationship between remuneration and performance with ex ante criteria linked to performance, and include measurable standards that emphasise the long-term interests of the company and the shareholders over short-term considerations.		https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees  Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF p. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf  Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C-Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GLO-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 42 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf
D.2.14	Is the Remuneration Committee comprised entirely of nonexecutive directors/commissioners with a majority of independent directors/commissioners ?	Such measurable standards among others may relate to total shareholder return and appropriate sustainability goals and metrics. Policy statements generally tend to set conditions for payments to board members for extra-board activities, such as consulting. They also often specify terms to be observed by board members and key executives about holding and trading the stock of the	YES	Globe's Compensation and Remuneration Committee is composed of five (5) non-executive directors, majority of whom are independent directors including the Committee Chairman.  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees  Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF p. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf



		company, and the procedures to be followed in granting and re-pricing options. In some jurisdictions, policy statements also provide guidance on the payments to be made when hiring and/or terminating the contract of an executive. The board may also monitor the implementation		Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf GLO 2023 IR, p. 42 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo be-Integrated-Report.pdf
D.2.15	Is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee an independent director/commissioner?	of the policy statement on remuneration. Many jurisdictions recommend or require that remuneration policy and contracts for board members and key executives be handled by a special committee of the board comprising either wholly or a majority of independent directors and excluding executives that serve on each other's remuneration committees, which could lead to conflicts of interest. The introduction of malus and claw-back provisions is considered good practice. They grant the company the right to withhold and recover compensation from executives in cases of managerial fraud and other circumstances, for example when the company is	YES	Globe's Compensation and Remuneration Committee chairman is a non-executive and independent director, Mr. Antonio Jose U. Periquet, Jr.  Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF p. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf  Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C-Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GLO-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 42 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf



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		required to restate its financial statements due to material noncompliance with financial reporting requirements.		
D.2.16	Does the company disclose the terms of reference/ governance structure/ charter of the Remuneration Committee?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. V.E.2. Boards should consider setting up specialised committees to support the full board in performing its functions, in particular the	YES	The Compensation and Remuneration Committee Charter is publicly-available through our company website, alongside with other committee Charters.  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 50 (Recommendation 3.6) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.2.17	Is the meeting attendance of the Remuneration Committee disclosed and, if so, did the Remuneration Committee meet at least twice during the year?	audit committee – or equivalent body – for overseeing disclosure, internal controls and audit-related matters. Other committees, such as remuneration, nomination or risk management, may provide support to the board depending upon the company's size, structure, complexity and risk profile. Their mandate, composition and working procedures should be well defined and disclosed by the board which retains full responsibility for the decisions taken. Where justified in terms of the size	YES	The Compensation and Remuneration Committee met four (4) times in 2023. The attendance is disclosed in our IR, and company website.  GLO 2023 IR, p. 44 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  2023 Committee Attendance (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees



		and structure of the company and its board, as well as the company's sector or level of development, the use of committees may improve the work of the board. In order to evaluate the merits of board committees it is important that the market receives a full and clear picture of their purpose, duties and composition. Such information is particularly important in the many jurisdictions where boards are required to establish independent audit committees with powers to oversee the relationship with the external auditor. Audit committees should also be able to oversee the effectiveness and integrity of the internal control		
		system.		
Audit C	ommittee			
D.2.18	Does the company have an Audit Committee?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. V.E.1 Boards should consider assigning a sufficient	YES	Currently, there are six board committees, one of which is the Audit and Related Party Transactions (RPT) Committee. The Audit and RPT Committee members and its Charter are posted on our website.  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees



		number of independent board members capable of exercising independent judgement to tasks where there is a potential for conflicts of interest. Examples of such key responsibilities are ensuring the integrity of financial and other corporate reporting, the review of related party transactions, and nomination and remuneration of board members and key executives.		Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5-6 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf  Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C-Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GLO-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 42 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 40 (Recommendation 3.2(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.2.19	Is the Audit Committee comprised entirely of non-executive directors/commissioners with a majority of independent directors/commissioners?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. V.E.1 Boards should consider assigning a sufficient number of independent board members capable of exercising independent judgement to tasks where	YES	Globe's Audit and RPT Committee is composed of four (4) non-executive directors, all of which are independent directors including the Committee chairman.  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees  Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5-6 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders



		there is a potential for		-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting
		conflicts of interest.		-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf
		Examples of such key		
		responsibilities are ensuring		Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of
		the integrity of financial		
		and other corporate		Directors, PDF pp. 5
		reporting, the review of		https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C
		related party transactions,		-Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL
		and nomination and		O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf
		remuneration of board		
		members and key		GLO 2023 IR, p. 42
		executives. ICGN (2021)		https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo
		PRINCIPLE 8: Internal and		be-Integrated-Report.pdf
		external audit 8.3. Audit		be integrated reportipal
		committee The board		CLO i ACCD nn 42 (Personmendation 2.2(2))
		should establish an audit		GLO i-ACGR, pp. 42 (Recommendation 3.2(2))
		committee comprised		https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE
		entirely of independent		C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
		non-executive directors. At		
D.2.20	Is the chairman of the Audit Committee an	least one member of the		Globe's Audit and RPT Committee chairman is a non-executive and
	independent director/commissioner?	audit committee should		independent director – Atty. Cirilo P. Noel. Atty. Noel does not chair
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	have recent and relevant		any other board Committee other than the Audit and RPT Committee.
		financial expertise and all		
		audit committee members		Board Committees (Company website)
		should be financially		https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-di
		literate, including a basic		
		understanding of		rectors/committees
		accounting. Audit	\/ <b>T</b> 0	
		committees should also	YES	Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of
		have a clear understanding		<u>Directors, PDF pp. 5-6</u>
		of how sustainability factors		https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob
		can impact the company's		e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders
		financial statements. The		-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting
		terms of reference for the		-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf
		committee should be		
		publicly disclosed and		Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of
		include:		
				<u>Directors, PDF pp. 5</u>



				https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 42 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo be-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 40 (Recommendation 3.2(2)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.2.21	Does the company disclose the terms of reference/governance structure/charter of the Audit Committee?		YES	The Audit and RPT Committee Charter is publicly-available and downloadable through our company website, along with the other committee charters.  Board Committees (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 50 (Recommendation 3.6) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.2.22	Does at least one of the independent directors/commissioners of the committee have accounting expertise (accounting qualification or experience)?	ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 8: Internal and external audit 8.3. Audit committee The board should establish an audit committee comprised entirely of independent non-executive directors. At least one member of the audit committee should have recent and relevant financial expertise and all	YES	All four (4) members of the Audit and RPT Committee have professional experience in the fields of finance and/or accounting.  Atty. Cirilo P. Noel, chairman of the Committee, is a certified public accountant (CPA) and lawyer. His areas of expertise include international tax for inbound and outbound investments, tax advisory and planning, tax advocacy, litigation, investment and trade laws. He was, for many years, the Head of SGV's Tax Division. He was also a Senior Advisor to the Ernst & Young Global Limited (EY) Global Delivery Services (GDS) Philippines.



audit committee members should be financially literate, including a basic understanding of accounting. Audit committees should also have a clear understanding of how sustainability factors can impact the company's financial statements. The terms of reference for the committee should be publicly disclosed and include:

More detailed profiles of our Audit and RPT Committee members are disclosed through our company website, iR, i-ACGR, DIS and SEC Form 17-A:

### Board of Directors (Company website)

https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors

# Results of the 2023 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5-6

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/SEC-Form-17-C-GLO-ASM2023-Results-and-OrgMeeting-Results-PSESECReceived25Apr2023.pdf

# Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF pp. 5

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf

#### GLO 2023 IR, pp. 35-38

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### GLO i-ACGR, pp. 40-41 (Recommendation 3.2(3))

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf

### GLO 2023 DIS, p. 30 ("Annex A")

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-03/GLO-Definitive-Information-Statement\_SECReceived-March19v2.pdf



D 2 22	To the good on the Audit C			GLO 2023 SEC Form 17-A, pp. 117-125 (Part III, Item 7) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-SEC- 2023 17-A.pdf
D.2.23	Is the meeting attendance of the Audit Committee disclosed and, if so, did the Audit Committee meet at least four times during the year?		YES	The Audit and RPT Committee met four (4) times in 2023. The attendance is disclosed through our company website, IR and i-ACGR.  GLO 2023 IR, p. 44  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  2023 Committee Attendance (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/committees
				GLO i-ACGR, p. 43 (Optional: Recommendation 3.2(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.2.24	Does the Audit Committee have primary responsibility for recommendation on the appointment, and removal of the external auditor?	ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 8: Internal and external audit 8.3 Audit committee The board should establish an audit committee comprised entirely of independent non-executive directors. At least one member of the audit committee should have recent and relevant financial expertise and all audit committee members should be financially literate, including a basic understanding of accounting. Audit	YES	Globe's external/independent auditors are directly responsible to the Audit and RPT Committee in helping ensure the integrity of our financial statements and reporting process. As such, the Audit and RPT Committee has a primary responsibility for recommendation to the Board on the appointment, retention or discharge/removal of the external/independent auditors, including the fixing of their remuneration. This is stated in the Audit and RPT Committee Charter, i-ACGR, IR and MCG as well as evidenced by the results of our most recent ASM:  Audit and RPT Committee Charter, p. 9 (Section 3.1)  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-01/Audit-and-RPT-Committee-Charter 27Oct2023 Final signed.pdf



committees should also	GLO i-ACGR, pp. 78-82 (Recommendation 9.1)
have a clear understanding	https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE
of how sustainability factors	C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
can impact the company's	<u> </u>
financial statements. The	GLO 2023 IR, pp. 42, 51
terms of reference for the	
committee should be	https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo
publicly disclosed and	<u>be-Integrated-Report.pdf</u>
include: (f) recommending	
the appointment,	GLO MCG, p. 34 (Article III, Section 9.1)
reappointment and, if	https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob
necessary, the removal of	e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporat
the external auditor, as well	e-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf
as the approving audit fees.	<u> </u>
Any non-audit fees should	Minutes of the 2024 ACM DDE no. 7.9 (Itam 9)
normally be less than the	Minutes of the 2024 ASM, PDF pp. 7-8 (Item 8)
audit fee and, if not, there	https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/GLO-ASM
should be a clear	2024-Minutes.pdf
explanation as to why it	
was necessary for the	Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of
auditor to provide these	Directors, PDF p.5 (Item 4)
services and how the	https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C
independence and	-Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL
objectivity of the audit was	O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf
assured;	O-ASIM-and-Org-Meeding-2.pul

	Scorecard Item	A			
D.3	Remuneration of Members of the Board and Key Executives	Guiding Reference	Answer (Yes/No)	GLO Remarks	
Board	Board meetings and attendance				



D.3.1	Are the board of directors meeting scheduled before the start of financial year?	Scheduling board meetings before or at the beginning of the year would allow directors to plan ahead to attend such meetings, thereby helping to maximise participation, especially as nonexecutive directors often have other commitments. Additional ad hoc meetings can always be scheduled if and when necessary. It is common practice for boards in developed markets to schedule meetings in this way.	YES	Globe's Board meetings are scheduled before the start of the financial year as stated in our MCG, Board Charter i-ACGR, and IR. The schedule of the Board meetings for the year is disclosed through our company website.  Board Meetings (Company website)  https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/meetings  GLO MCG, pp. 25-26 (Article II, Section 4.1) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, p. 13 (Article II, Section 1.13) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, p. 53-54 (Optional: Principle 4(2)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 43-44 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf
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D.3.2	Does the board of directors/commissioners meet at least six times during the year?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.E.3 Board members should be able to commit themselves effectively to their responsibilities. " Achieving legitimacy would also be facilitated by the publication of attendance records for individual board members (e.g. whether they have missed a significant number of meetings) and any other work undertaken on behalf of the board and the associated remuneration." ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 1: Board role and responsibilities 1.5 Commitment The board should meet regularly to discharge its duties and directors should commit adequate time to board meeting preparation and attendance	YES	In 2023, the Board had seven (7) meetings. Attendance of directors to these meetings are disclosed through our company website, i-ACGR and IR.  Board Meetings (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/meetings GLO i-ACGR, pp. 54 (Optional: Principle 4(3)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf GLO 2023 IR, pp. 43-44 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf
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D.3.3	Has each of the directors/commissioners attended at least 75% of all the board meetings held during the year?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. V.E.3 Board members should be able to commit themselves effectively to their responsibilities. Service on too many boards or committees can interfere with the performance of board members. Some jurisdictions have limited the number of board positions that can be held. Specific limitations may be less important than ensuring that members of the board enjoy legitimacy and confidence in the eyes of shareholders. Disclosure about other board and committee memberships and chair responsibilities to shareholders is therefore a key instrument to improve board and committee nominations. Achieving	YES	The average rate of attendance of the Board of Directors was ninety-eight and ten percent (98.10%) in 2023, with each director attending at least 85.71% of all Board meetings during the year. Attendance of each director to the Board meetings is disclosed through our company website, i-ACGR and IR.  Board Meetings (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/meetings  GLO i-ACGR, p.54 (Optional: Principle 4(3)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 43-44 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO MCG, p. 30 (Article II, Section 5.7) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf
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		legitimacy would also be facilitated by the publication of attendance records for individual board members (e.g. whether they have missed a significant number of meetings) and any other work undertaken on behalfof the board and the associated remuneration.		
D.3.4	Does the company require a minimum quorum of at least 2/3 for board decisions?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): IV.A.6. Remuneration of members of the board and key executivesDisclosure on an individual basis (including termination and retirement provisions) is increasingly regarded as good practice and is now required or recommended in most jurisdictions. Some of these jurisdictions call for remuneration of a certain number of the highest paid executives to be disclosed, while in others it is confined to specified positions	YES	Under the Company's By-Laws, "Two-thirds (2/3) of the number of directors as fixed in the Articles of Incorporation shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of corporate business, and every decision of a majority of the quorum duly assembled as a board shall be valid as a corporate act. In the absence of a quorum, a majority of the directors present may adjourn the meeting from time to time until a quorum shall be present."  GLO By-Laws, p. 5 (Article II, Section 3)  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/by-laws/GLO-Amended-By-Laws-2021.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, p. 54 (Optional: Principle 4(4))  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf



D.3.5	Did the non-executive directors/commissioners of the company meet separately at least once during the year without any executives present?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. " Independent board members can contribute significantly to the decision making of the board. They can bring an objective view to the evaluation of the performance of the board and management. In addition, they can play an important role in areas where the interests of management, the company and its shareholders may diverge such as executive remuneration, succession planning, changes of corporate control, take-over defences, large acquisitions and the audit function. In order for them to play this key role, it is desirable that boards declare who they consider to be independent and the	YES	Our non-executive directors (NEDs), under our MCG, have separate periodic meetings with the external auditor and heads of the internal audit, compliance and risk functions, without any executive director present to ensure that proper checks and balances are in place. Our NEDs may consult with relevant heads in management as necessary. NED meetings are chaired by Atty. Cirilo P. Noel, our lead independent director (ID). The NEDs met in November 2023 as identified in our IR and attested to by our IDs present during the said meeting in our i-ACGR and IR. All NEDs were present at the meeting. Among the agenda items covered during the meeting were updates on talent management, strategy and initiatives.  GLO i-ACGR, p. 59 (Recommendation 5.7)  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 44  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO MCG, p. 30 (Article II, Section 5.7)  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf
	I .		1	



		criterion for this judgement. Some jurisdictions also require separate meetings of independent directors on a periodic basis." ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 2: Leadership and independence 2.7. Independent meetings The chair should regularly hold meetings with the non-executive directors without executive directors present. In addition, the non-executive directors (led by the LID) should meet at least annually, without the chair present, to appraise the chair's performance or as appropriate		
Access t	o Information			
D.3.6	Are board papers for board of directors/commissioners meetings provided to the board at least five business days in advance of the board meeting?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.F. In order to fulfil their responsibilities, board members should have access to accurate, relevant and timely information. Board	YES	As a Company policy, Board of Directors are provided with board papers/materials seven (7) days before Board meetings. This is stated in our MCG, i-ACGR, Board Charter, company website and IR.  GLO MCG, p. 25 (Article II, Section 4.1)  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf



members require relevant information on a timely basis in order to support their decisionmaking. Non-executive board members do not typically have the same access to information as key managers within the company. The contributions of non-executive board members to the company can be enhanced by providing access to certain key managers within the company such as, for example, the company secretary, the internal auditor, and the head of risk management or chief risk officer, and recourse to independent external advice at the expense of the company. In order to fulfil their responsibilities, board members should have access to and ensure that they obtain accurate, relevant and timely information. In cases when a publicly traded company is a part of a group, the

### GLO Board Charter, p. 13 (Article II, Section 1.13.1)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf

## GLO i-ACGR, pp. 15 (Optional: Recommendation 1.5)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf

### GLO 2023 IR, p. 44

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf

### Board Meetings (Company website)

 $\frac{https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/meetings\#gref}{}$ 



		regulatory framework should also ensure board members' access to key information about the activities of its subsidiaries to manage group-wide risks and implement group-wide objectives. At the same time, the regulatory framework should maintain safeguards to ensure		
		that insiders will not use such information for		
		their personal gain or of others. Where		
		companies rely on complex risk		
		management models, board members should be made aware of the		
		possible shortcomings of such models.		
D.3.7	Does the company secretary play a significant role	G20/OECD Principles of		The Board has separate and independent access to Globe's Corporate
	in supporting the board in discharging its responsibilities?	Corporate Governance (2023): V: The		Secretary. Among other duties, the Corporate Secretary, according to our MCG, "acts as adviser to directors regarding their responsibilities
	responsibilities.	responsibilities of the board V.F. In order to fulfil their		and obligations, and oversees the flow of information prior to Board meetings".
		responsibilities, board members should have	YES	GLO MCG, pp. 4-5 (Article II, Section 1.4)
		access to accurate, relevant and timely information. Board		https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/documents/manual
		members require relevant information on		e-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf
		a timely basis in order		GLO By-Laws, pp. 7-8 (Article III, Section 7)



to support their decision making. Non-executive board members do not typically have the same access to information as key managers within the company. The contributions of non-executive board members to the company can be enhanced by providing access to certain key managers within the company such as, for example, the company secretary, the internal auditor, and the head of risk management or chief risk officer, and recourse to independent external advice at the expense of the company. ICGN (2021) **PRINCIPLE 1: Board** role and responsibilities 1.8. Advice The board should have adequate resources to fulfil its responsibilities efficiently and effectively under relevant law and regulation. The board should have access to advice from a company secretary (or general counsel) and/or

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/by-laws/GLO-Amended-By-Laws-2021.pdf

GLO i-ACGR, pp. 11-13 (Recommendation 1.5(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf



		independent advice as appropriate at the company's expense.		
D.3.8	Is the company secretary trained in legal, accountancy or company secretarial practices and has kept abreast on relevant developments?		YES	As stated in Globe's MCG, among the qualifications of a Corporate Secretary include "the legal skills of a chief legal officer".  Our former Corporate Secretary, Atty. Solomon H. Hermosura, graduated valedictorian with Bachelor of laws degree from San Beda College in 1986 and placed third in the 1986 Bar Examinations. Atty. Hermosura's profile is included in our SEC Form 17-A and DIS.  Atty. Maria Franchette M. Acosta, our new Corporate Secretary, effective April 04, 2024, to replace Atty. Solomon M. Hermosura, who has resigned and transitioned to government service as disclosed on February 26, 2024. Atty. Acosta, Filipino, 51, is the Corporate Secretary, Corporate Governance Group Head and Chief Legal Officer of Ayala Corporation. She has been a practicing lawyer for 24 years, with 18 years in Villaraza & Angangco Law Firm where she was a Senior Partner, Co-Managing Partner and Head of its Corporate and Commercial Department. Ms. Acosta was also an Assistant Secretary at the Office of the Chief Presidential Legal Counsel of the Republic of the Philippines from 2001 to 2003 and recognized as an expert counsel in leading legal journals and publications such as Chambers Global, Chambers Asia Pacific and Legal 500. She is a consistent Asia Business Law Journal's top 100 lawyers of the Philippines. Atty. Acosta graduated from New York University with a Master of Laws in 2003, and ranked 3rd in the Philippine Bar Examination. She earned her Bachelor of Laws from the University of the Philippines College of Law in 1998 where she graduated Class Valedictorian and Cum Laude. She holds a Bachelor of Science in Business Economics from the University of the Philippines School of Economics in 1994 where she graduated Magna Cum Laude.



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D.3.9	Does the company disclose the criteria used in selecting new directors/commissioners?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): II. The rights and equitable treatment of shareholders and key ownership functions II.C.5 Effective shareholder participation in key corporate governance decisions, such as the nomination and election of board members, should be facilitated. Shareholders should be able to make their	YES	Criteria used in selecting new directors for Globe are disclosed in our MCG, Board Charter, the Nomination and Governance Committee Charter and briefly discussed in our i-ACGR and IR. This is also supplemented by our Nomination and Election Policy.  GLO MCG, pp. 13-15 (Article II, Section 2.8-2.10) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, pp. 1-7 (Article I, Sections, 1.2, 1.4-1.6) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf



views known, including through votes at shareholder meetings, on the remuneration of board members and/or kev executives, as applicable. The equity component of compensation schemes for board members and employees should be subject to shareholder approval. Electing the members of the board is a basic shareholder right. For the election process to be effective, shareholders should be able to participate in the nomination of board members and vote on individual nominees or on different lists of them. To this end, shareholders have access in a number of countries to the company's voting materials which are made available to shareholders, subject to conditions to prevent abuse. With respect to nomination of candidates, boards in many companies have established nomination committees to ensure

#### Nomination and Governance Committee Charter (Section 6)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Nomination-and-Governance-Committee-Charter.pdf

# GLO By-Laws, pp. 3-4 (Article II, Section 2)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/by-laws/GLO-Amended-By-Laws-2021.pdf

### GLO i-ACGR, pp. 69-70 (Recommendation 8.3(1))

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf

#### GLO 2023 IR, pp. 39-41

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf

### Board Nomination and Election Policy (Company website)

https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/company-policies



proper compliance and	
transparency with	
established nomination	
procedures and to	
facilitate and	
co-ordinate the search	
for a balanced, diverse	
and qualified board. It	
is regarded as good	
practice for	
independent board	
members to have a key	
role on this committee.	
To further improve the	
selection process, the	
Principles also call for	
full and timely	
disclosure of the	
experience and	
background of	
candidates for the board	
and the nomination	
process, which will	
allow an informed	
assessment of the	
abilities and suitability	
of each candidate. It is	
required or considered	
good practice in some	
jurisdictions to also	
disclose information	
about any other board	
positions that nominees	
hold, and in some	
jurisdictions also	
positions that they are	
nominated for.	
G20/OECD Principles of	
	44



Corporate Governance	
(2023): V: The	
responsibilities of the	
board V.D. The board	
should fulfil certain key	
functions, including:	
V.D.6 Ensuring a formal	
and transparent board	
nomination and election	
process. The Principles	
promote an active role	
for shareholders in the	
nomination and election	
of board members. The	
board, with the support	
of a nomination	
committee if	
established, has an	
essential role to play in	
ensuring that the	
nomination and election	
processes are	
respected. First, while	
actual procedures for	
nomination may differ	
among countries, the	
board has the	
responsibility to make	
sure that established	
procedures are	
transparent and	
respected. Second, the	
board has a key role in	
defining the general or	
individual profile of	
board members that the	
company may need at	
any given time,	



	considering the	
	appropriate knowledge,	
	competencies and	
	expertise to	
	complement the	
	existing skills of the	
	board. Third, the board	
	or nomination	
	committee has the	
	responsibility to identify	
	potential candidates to	
	meet desired profiles	
	and propose them to	
	shareholders, and/or	
	consider those	
	candidates advanced by	
	shareholders. The	
	board's engagement	
	and dialogue with	
	shareholders is	
	considered good	
	practice in this process,	
	provided that the board	
	ensures transparency,	
	equal treatment and	
	that inside and business	
	sensitive information is	
	not disclosed. It is	
	considered good	
	practice to conduct	
	open search processes	
	extending to a broad	
	range of backgrounds to	
	respond to diversity	
	objectives and the	
	evolving nature of risks	
 ·	yg	





D.3.11	Are all directors/commissioners subject to			GLO 2023 IR, p. 41 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  Globe's MCG, Board Charter, and the Nomination and Governance Committee Charter provide that all directors are subject to re-election
	re-election every 3 years; or 5 years for listed companies in countries whose legislation prescribes a term of 5 years2 each? 2 The five years term must be required by legislation which preexisted the introduction of the ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard in 2011	ICGS (2021) PRINCIPLE 3: Composition and appointment 3.7 Director election process Directors should be elected to the board preferably on an annual basis, or stand for election once every three years, and be accountable to shareholders by approval of a majority of shares voted in favour on each resolution.	YES	GLO MCG, p. 3 (Article II, Section 1.1) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glote/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, pp. 6-7 (Article II, Section 1.6.3) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glote/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf GLO Nomination and Governance Committee Charter, PDF p. 5 (Section 4.3) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glote/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors Nomination-and-Governance-Committee-Charter.pdf  GLO By-Laws, pp. 3-5 (Article II, Section 1, 1.3-1.4) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glote/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/by-laws/GLO-Ameded-By-Laws-2021.pdf



D 3 13	Do the shareholders or the Board of Directors	G20/OFCD Principles of
D.3.12	Do the shareholders or the Board of Directors approve the remuneration of the executive directors and/or the senior executives?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.5. Aligning key executive and board remuneration with the longer term interests of
		the company and its shareholders. ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 5: Remuneration Remuneration should be designed to equitably and effectively align the interests of the CEO, executive officers and workforce with a
		company's strategy and purpose to help ensure long-term sustainable value preservation and creation. Aggregate remuneration should be appropriately balanced with the payment of dividends to
		shareholders and retention of capital for future investment and the level of quantum should be defendable

Our Board evaluates and approves the remuneration components of our senior executives aligned with our remuneration policy such as incentive programs that include, among others, our employee stock grant plan, corporate incentive plan and the long-term incentive plan. The executive director does not receive per diem remuneration in addition to his remuneration as part of Globe's Management in his role as the President and CEO.

# GLO MCG, pp. 21; 32-33; 51-52 (Article II, Section 3.3 (d); Article III, Section 8.4; Article VII, Section 15.5)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf

#### GLO Board Charter, p. 20 (Article III, Section 1.2)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf

# Employee Rewards or Compensation Policy (Company website)

https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/company-policies

#### GLO 2023 IR, pp. 48-49

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf

# GLO i-ACGR, pp. 26-27 (Optional: Recommendation 2.5)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf

relative to social considerations relating to income inequality



D.3.13	Does the company have measurable standards to align the performance-based remuneration of the executive directors and senior executives with long-term interests of the company, such as claw back provision and deferred bonuses?

**G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance** (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain kev functions, including: V.D.5 Aligning key executive and board remuneration with the longer term interests of the company and its shareholders. Many iurisdictions recommend or require that remuneration policy and contracts for board members and kev executives be handled by a special committee of the board comprising either wholly or a majority of independent directors and excluding executives that serve on each other's remuneration committees, which could lead to conflicts of interest. The introduction of malus and claw-back provisions is considered good practice. They grant the company the right to withhold and recover compensation from executives in cases Current remuneration initiatives allow for certain incentives to be withheld in any year should an executive fail to meet performance requirements or be involved in any misconduct and are given a disciplinary action resulting in suspension or demotion. The implementation of this policy is subject to certain terms and conditions that include, but are not limited to, the findings from internal investigations and assessments on the misconduct or violation against company policies or applicable laws and timing of the misconduct or investigations within the year. This is disclosed in our MCG, company website, iR and i-ACGR.

#### GLO MCG, pp. 51-52 (Article VII, Section 15.5)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf

#### YES

<u>Company Policies – Employee Rewards or Compensation Policy</u> (<u>Company website</u>)

https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/company-policies

GLO i-ACGR, pp. 26-27 (Optional: Recommendation 2.5) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf

#### GLO 2023 IR, pp. 48-49

 $\underline{\text{https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf}}$ 



		of managerial fraud and other circumstances, for example when the company is required to restate its financial statements due to material noncompliance with financial reporting requirements. ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 5: Remuneration 5.4 Malus and clawback Companies should include provisions in their incentive plans that enable the company to withhold the payment of any sum ('malus'), or recover sums paid ('clawback'), in the event of serious misconduct or a material misstatement in the company's		
Internal	Δudit	financial statements.		
		C20/0500 D :		
D.3.14	Does the company have a separate internal audit function?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.8. Ensuring the integrity of the corporation's accounting and	YES	Globe's separate internal audit function (IA) is discussed in our iR, MCG, i-ACGR and company website. Our IA Charter is also disclosed through our company website.  GLO 2023 IR, p. 51-52 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO MCG, pp. 37-38 (Article III, Section 12.2)



reporting systems for disclosure, including the independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place, in compliance with the law and relevant standards. The board should demonstrate a leadership role to ensure that an effective means of risk oversight is in place. Ensuring the integrity of the essential reporting and monitoring systems will require that the board sets and enforces clear lines of responsibility and accountability throughout the organisation. The board will also need to ensure that there is appropriate oversight by senior management. Normally, this includes the establishment of an internal audit function. This function can play a critical role in providing ongoing support to the audit committee of the board or an equivalent body of its comprehensive oversight of the internal https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf

GLO i-ACGR, p. 96-97 (Recommendation 12.2)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf

<u>Internal Audit Charter (Company website)</u>
<a href="https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-01/Globe-IA-Charter-27Oct2023-Final\_signed.pdf">https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-01/Globe-IA-Charter-27Oct2023-Final\_signed.pdf</a>



		controls and operations of the company. The role and functions of internal audit vary across jurisdictions, but they can include assessment and evaluation of governance, risk management, and internal control processes		
D.3.15	Is the head of internal audit identified or, if outsourced, is the name of the external firm disclosed?	Companies often disclose that they have an internal audit but, in practice, it is not uncommon for it to exist more in form than in substance. For example, the in-house internal audit may be assigned to someone with other operational responsibilities. As internal audit is unregulated, unlike external audit, there are firms providing outsourced internal audit services which are not properly qualified to do so. Making the identity of the head of internal audit or the external service provider public would provide some level of safeguard that the	YES	Globe's Chief Audit Executive is Ms. Carmeli Pauline M. Briones, appointed last December 7, 2023. As such, Ms. Briones is one of Globe's key officers. This information is disclosed through our company website, DIS, i-ACGR and IR as well as with the results of the 2024 organizational meeting of the Board after the ASM.  Key Officers (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/key-officers.html  GLO i-ACGR, p. 96-97 (Recommendations 12.2 and 12.3(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 46 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors, PDF p. 6 (Item 3) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C-Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GLO-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf



		internal audit is substantive.	GLO DIS 2023, pp. 47-48 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-03/GLO-Definitive-Information-Statement SECReceived-March19v2.pdf
D.3.16	Does the appointment and removal of the internal auditor require the approval of the Audit Committee?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.8. Ensuring the integrity of the corporation's accounting and reporting systems for disclosure, including the independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place, in compliance with the law and relevant standards. It is considered good practice for the internal auditors to report to an independent audit committee of the board or an equivalent body which is also responsible for managing	Similar to the external/independent auditors, Globe IA Group is also responsible to the Audit and RPT Committee. Globe's Audit and RPT Committee Charter states that one of the functions of the Audit and RPT Committee in relation to the Company's Internal Auditor is to "set up the Internal Audit Department, including the appointment of the Chief Audit Executivehis/her replacement, re-assignment or dismissal.":  GLO i-ACGR, p. 43-44 (Optional: Recommendation 3.2(2)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 51 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  Audit and RPT Committee Charter, p. 12 (Section 4) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-01/Audit-and-RPT-Committee-Charter_27Oct2023_Final_signed.pdf
Risk Ove	ersight		



D.3.17	Does the company establish a sound internal control procedures/risk management framework and periodically review the effectiveness of that framework?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.2. Reviewing and assessing risk management policies and procedures. V.D.8. Ensuring the integrity of the corporation's accounting and reporting systems for disclosure, including the independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place, in compliance with the law and relevant standards. ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 6: Risk oversight The board should proactively oversee the assessment and disclosure of the company's key risks and approve the approach to risk management and internal controls regularly with any significant business change and satisfy itself that the approach is functioning effectively	YES	The Board of Directors oversees and conducts an annual review of Globe Telecom's material controls, covering operational, financial and compliance areas and overall risk management (RM) systems. The overall responsibility for Globe Telecom's RM oversight rests with the Board of Directors. The Board Risk Oversight Committee (BROC) enables the Board to effectively discharge its RM function.  RM remains a core capability and an integral part of how decisions are made in Globe to deliver value to our shareholders. We live out our RM philosophy via three key pillars - Structure, Process, and Culture. The ISO 31000 framework for Risk Management is used as the basis for our RM process. The established framework also ensures that compliance processes and procedures are effectively guided by the RM policy.  Our internal control procedures and RM framework are discussed further in our IR, i-ACGR, and by the RM section of our website.  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 34-37 (Recommendations 2.10 (1-2) and 2.11(2), pp. 99-101 (Recommendation 12.4))  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 43, 49, 62-69  https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  Enterprise Risk Management (Company website)  https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/enterprise-risk-management
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# ASEAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SCORECARD



D.3.18	Does the Annual Report/Annual CG Report disclose that the board of directors/commissioners has conducted a review of the company's material controls (including operational, financial and compliance controls) and risk management systems?	ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 6: Risk oversight The board should proactively oversee the assessment and disclosure of the company's key risks and approve the approach to risk management and internal controls regularly with any significant business change and satisfy itself that the approach is functioning effectively.	YES	An annual management representation to the Audit and RPT Committee, signed by the CEO, CFO and CAE, on internal/material controls and RM systems adequacy and effectiveness in all material aspects, is submitted to the Board as part of the annual Audit and RPT Committee report. This report is part of the annual iR. In the Audit and RPT Committee's Report to the Board for the year ended 31 December 2023, the Committee confirmed its discussion of the IA results and reports, and confirmed the adequacy and effectiveness, in all material aspects, of Globe's internal controls and RM systems.  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 182-183 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo be-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 91-93 (Recommendation 12.1) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  2023 Attestation (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Signed 2 023 Year-end Assessment.pdf
D.3.19	Does the company disclose the key risks to which the company is materially exposed to (i.e. financial, operational including IT, environmental, social, economic)?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): IV: Disclosure and Transparency IV. A Disclosure should include, but not be limited to, material information on: IV.A.8 Foreseeable risk factors Users of financial information and market participants need	YES	Discussion on Globe's identified principal/key risks and the management of these are disclosed through our IR and i-ACGR.  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 60-69 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 78 (Optional: Principle 8(5)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf



information on	Fi	interprise Risk Management (Company website)
reasonably foreseeable		ttps://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/enterprise-
material risks that may		isk-management.html
include: risks that are	113	<u>Skanianagementanum</u>
specific to the industry		
or the geographical		
areas in which the		
company operates;		
dependence on		
commodities and value		
chains; financial market		
risks including interest		
rate or currency risk;		
risks related to		
derivatives and		
off-balance sheet		
transactions; business		
conduct risks; digital		
security risks; and		
sustainability risks,		
notably climate-related		
risks. The Principles		
envision the disclosure		
of sufficient and		
comprehensive		
information to fully		
inform investors and		
other users of the		
material and		
foreseeable risks of the		
company. Disclosure of		
risk is most effective		
when it is tailored to		
the particular company		
and industry in		
question. Disclosure		
about the system for		
monitoring and		



D.3.20	Does the Annual Report/Annual CG Report contain a statement from the board of directors/commissioners or Audit Committee commenting on the adequacy of the company's internal controls/risk management systems?	managing risk is increasingly regarded as good practice, including the nature and effectiveness of related due diligence processes.  G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.8 Ensuring the integrity of the corporation's accounting and reporting systems for disclosure, including the independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place, in compliance with the law and relevant standards. It is considered good practice for the internal auditors to report to an independent audit committee of the board or an equivalent body	YES	Globe's statement from its Board of Directors/Audit and RPT Committee commenting on the adequacy of our internal controls/RM systems is disclosed through the IR. The same is referred to in our i-ACGR:  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 49, 182 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo be-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 78 (Optional: Principle 8(4)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  2023 Attestation (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Signed 2 023 Year-end Assessment.pdf
		auditors to report to an independent audit committee of the board		



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	by the board. Both	
	internal and external	
	audit functions should	
	be clearly articulated so	
	that the board can	
	maximise the quality of	
	assurance it receives. It	
	should also be regarded	
	as good practice for the	
	audit committee, or	
	equivalent body, to	
	review and report to the	
	board the most critical	
	policies which are the	
	basis for financial and	
	other corporate reports.	
	However, the board	
	should retain final	
	responsibility for	
	oversight of the	
	company's risk	
	management system	
	and for ensuring the	
	integrity of the	
	reporting systems.	
	Some jurisdictions have	
	provided for the chair of	
	the board to report on	
	the internal control	
	process.	
	l b. acces.	

	Scorecard Item	Guiding Reference	Answer	GLO Remarks
<b>D.4</b>	People on the Board	Guiding Reference	(Yes/No)	GLO Remarks
Boar	d Chairman			



D.4.1	Do different persons assume the roles of chairman and CEO?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. In jurisdictions with single tier board systems, the objectivity of the board and its independence from management may be strengthened by the separation of the role of chief executive and Cchair. Separation of the two posts is generally regarded as good practice, as it can help to achieve an appropriate balance of power, increase accountability and improve the board's capacity for decision making independent of management. The designation of a lead director who is independent	YES	Globe's Chairman of the Board of Directors (Mr. Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala), and President and CEO (Mr. Ernest L. Cu) are individuals not related to each other.  Board of Directors (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 28, 31, 41 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, p. 57 (Recommendation 5.4(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2024 Minutes of the ASM, PDF p. 5 (Item 6) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/GLO-ASM 2024-Minutes.pdf  Voting Results of the 2024 ASM, PDF p. 1 (Item 3) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/GLO Voting Results ASM-2023.pdf
D.4.3				GLO 2024 Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Board Meeting, PDF pp. 4 -6 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf
D.4.2	Is the chairman an independent director/commissioner?	management has clear conflicts. Such mechanisms	NO	Globe's Chairman of the Board of Directors (Mr. Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala) is one of our non-executive directors, but is not an ID.



can also help to ensure high quality governance of the company and the effective functioning of the board. The chair or lead independent director may, in some jurisdictions, be supported by a company secretary. ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 2: Leadership and independence 2.1 Independent leadership.

There should be a clear division of responsibilities between the role of the chair of the board and the CEO to avoid unfettered powers of decision-making in any one individual. This is particularly relevant in controlled companies when either the chair or CEO are significant shareholders. The Board should be chaired by an independent director who should be independent on the date of appointment. Should the role of the chair and CEO be combined, the board should explain the reasons why this is in the best interests of the company in the annual report and keep the structure under review. The responsibilities of the

Meanwhile, we have an appointed lead ID since our Chairman is not an ID.

#### Board of Directors (Company website)

https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors

# GLO i-ACGR, p. 58 (Recommendation 5.5(1))

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf

#### GLO 2024 Minutes of the ASM, PDF pp. 5-7 (Item 6)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/GLO-ASM 2024-Minutes.pdf

#### Voting Results of the 2024 ASM, PDF pp. 1-2 (Item 3)

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/annual-stockholders-meeting/2023/GLO\_Voting\_Results\_ASM-2023.pdf

# GLO 2024 Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Board Meeting, PDF pp. 4

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf



		chair, CEO, lead independent director and committee chairs should be clearly described and publicly disclosed.		
D.4.3	Is any of the directors a former CEO of the company in the past 2 years?	ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 2: Leadership and independence 2.5 CEO succession to Chair The practice of a company's retiring CEO remaining on the board as a director should be discouraged, regardless of any cooling off period, or in the event this practice does take place, the retiring CEO should not serve on board committees that require independent representation. If, exceptionally, the board decides that a retiring CEO should succeed to become chair, the board should consult with shareholders in advance setting out a convincing rationale and provide detailed explanation in the annual report. Unless there are extraordinary	NO	None of our directors is a former CEO of the Company in the past 2 years.  Board of Directors (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 59 (Optional: Principle 5) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf



D.4.4	Are the roles and responsibilities of the chairman disclosed?  dependent Director	circumstances, there should be a break in service between the roles (e.g., a period of two years)  ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 2: Leadership and independence 2.3 Role of the Chair The chair should lead the board and ensure its effectiveness while inspiring a shared commitment among directors to the company's purpose and long-term strategy. This includes encouraging a culture of openness to allow a range of views to be expressed and adequate time for discussion of all agenda items. The chair should set the meeting agenda, ensuring that board members have sufficient and timely information to constructively challenge and debate managerial proposal	YES	Full details of the roles and responsibilities of Globe's Chairman of the Board are disclosed through our By-Laws, MCG, Board Charter and i-ACGR.  GLO By-Laws, p. 5 (Article II, Section 8) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/by-laws/GLO-Amen ded-By-Laws-2021.pdf  GLO MCG, p. 11 (Article II, Section 2.4) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, p. 12 (Article I, Section 1.10) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, p. 54 (Recommendation 5.4(2)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.4.5	If the Chairman is not independent, has the Board	ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 2:		Globe's Lead Independent Director (ID) is Atty. Cirilo P. Notel. Atty.
	appointed a Lead/Senior Independent Director and has his/her role been defined?	Leadership and independence 2.4 Lead	YES	Noel's role as the Lead ID is identified in our MCG and Board Charter.



		independent director The Board should appoint a Lead Independent Director (LID) even when the chair is independent. The LID provides shareholders, relevant stakeholders and directors with a valuable channel of communication to discuss matters that may involve a conflict of interest for the board chair which may include significant shareholders if there is a connection between them. The LID should not have directorship tenure in the company that raises questions as to the LID's independence as set out in Guidance 2.6.h. In a two-tier board the LID role could be assumed by a vice chair.	GLO 2024 Results of the 2024 ASM and Organizational Board Meeting, PDF pp. 5-6 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-17-C -Corporate-Disclosure-PSESECReceived24April2024-2024-Results-of-GL O-ASM-and-Org-Meeting-2.pdf  GLO MCG, p. 29 (Article II, Section 5.5) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, p. 11 (Article I, Section 1.8.2(u)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  Board of Directors Members — Atty. Cirilo P. Noel, Lead Independent Director (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/cirilo-p-noel  GLO i-ACGR, p. 58 (Recommendation 5.5) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
Skills an	d Competencies		
D.4.6	Does at least one non-executive director/commissioner have prior working experience in the major sector that the company is operating in?	ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 3: Composition and appointment The Board should comprise a sufficient mix of directors with relevant knowledge, independence,	Several of our Board members have extensive experience in telecommunications and digital technology. Mr. Ng Kuo Pin, non-executive director, has held senior leadership roles in communications, media and technology as Head of CMT Singapore, Head of CMT Greater China and Head of Consulting for CMT Asia Pacific, Africa and the Middle East. Mr. Ramon L. Jocson is currently the lead director for Meliora Consulting Pte. Ltd. which focuses on



competence, industry experience and diversity of perspectives to generate effective challenge, discussion and objective decision-making in alignment with the company's purpose, long-term strategy and relevant stakeholders.	digital transformation for banking and financial institutions and has worked extensively in the field of telecommunications. Mr. Lazaro was Globe's CEO in the '90s. The profiles of our directors, including their prior working experience, are disclosed through our company website, DIS, SEC Form 17-A and the IR.  Board of Directors – Members (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors  GLO 2023 IR, pp. 33-34 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO 2023 DIS, p. 30 ("Annex A") https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-03/GLO-Definitive-Information-Statement SECReceived-March19v2.pdf  GLO 2023 SEC Form 17-A, p. 121 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/GLO-SEC-2023 17-A.pdf
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	Scorecard Item	Cuiding Deference	Answer	CLO Romanico			
D.5	<b>Board Performance</b>	Guiding Reference	(Yes/No)	GLO Remarks			
Directo	Director Development						
D.5.1	Does the company have orientation programmes for new directors/commissioners?	ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 1: Board role and responsibilities 1.5 Commitment The board should meet regularly to discharge its duties and directors should commit	YES	This policy is in Globe's MCG, Board Charter, and i-ACGR. Attendance of directors to CG programmes are also disclosed to pertinent regulators as well as updated through our i-ACGR.  "Director Training and Continuing Education Program" in Board Performance page (Company website)			



		adequate time to board meeting preparation and attendance. There should be a formal induction for all new board directors to ensure they have a comprehensive understanding of the company's purpose, business model and strategy as soon as possible after their appointment.		https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-di rectors/performance.html  Policy on Training of Directors and Officers (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/company-policies  GLO MCG, pp. 3-4 (Article II, Section 1.2) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO Board Charter, pp. 11-12, 15-16 (Article I, Section 1.9(h); Article II, Section 1.5) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 7-8 (Recommendation 1.3(2)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
D.5.2	Does the company have a policy and actual practice and programs that encourages directors/commissioners to attend on-going or continuous professional education programmes?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The responsibilities of the board V.E. The board should be able to exercise objective independent judgement on corporate affairs. V.E.4 Boards should regularly carry out evaluations to appraise their performance and assess whether they possess the right mix of background and	YES	Globe's MCG states that "All directors, including key officers, shall continuously be informed of the developments in the business and regulatory environments, including emerging risks relevant to" Globe. The policy on training of directors and officers are also in our company website and Board Charter. The attendance of directors to trainings and continuous professional education programmes are also disclosed to relevant regulators and reflected in our IR and i-ACGR:  GLO MCG, pp. 3-4 (Article II, Section 1.2) <a href="https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf">https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf</a>



		competences, including with respect to gender and other forms of diversity. In order to improve board practices and the performance of its members, an increasing number of jurisdictions now encourage companies to engage in board and committee evaluation and training. Many corporate governance codes recommend an annual evaluation of the board, which may periodically be supported by external facilitators to increase objectivity. Unless certain qualifications are required, such as for financial institutions, this might include that board members acquire appropriate skills upon appointment. Thereafter, board members should remain abreast of relevant new laws, regulations, and changing commercial and		Policy on Training of Directors and Officers (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/company-p olicies  GLO Board Charter, pp. 15-16 (Article II, Section 1.5) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/glob e/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/board-of-directors/ Board-of-Directors-Charter.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 45 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo be-Integrated-Report.pdf  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 8 (Recommendation 1.3(3)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
		changing commercial and other risks		
CEO/Ex	ecutive Management Appointments and Performance			
D.5.3	Does the company disclose the process on how	G20/OECD Principles of		Succession of our President and CEO is subject to the endorsement of
2.3.3	the board of directors/commissioners plans for the succession of the CEO/Managing Director/President and key management?	Corporate Governance (2023): V. The Responsibilities of the Board V.D. The board	YES	the Nomination and Governance Committee and the approval of the Board. The successor candidate is identified and developed by our Chief Human Resources Officer (CHRO) and the CEO themselves, then the identified candidate is submitted to the Nomination and



		should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.4 Selecting, overseeing and monitoring the performance of key executives, and, when necessary, replacing them and overseeing succession planning.		Governance Committee for evaluation and review of qualifications. If the Committee is not satisfied with the qualifications of the candidate, the search process starts all over again. Meanwhile, succession planning of senior management is performed by the CEO, supported by the CHRO in consultation with the Board of Directors. The process of succession planning for the CEO and key management is discussed in our i-ACGR. Our MCG and company website contain our policy on succession planning. The same is discussed in our IR.  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 22-23 (Recommendation 2.4(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO MCG, p. 16 (Article II, Section 2.11) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/content/dam/globe/brie/About-us/corporate-governance/documents/manual-of-corporate-governance/GLO-MCG-SECReceived30May2017.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 66 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf  Policy on Succession Planning (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/company-policies
D.5.4	Does the board of directors/commissioners conduct an annual performance assessment of the CEO/Managing Director/President?	V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.3 Monitoring the effectiveness of the company's governance practices and making changes as needed.  Monitoring of governance	YES	The Board conducts an annual self-assessment exercise through a self-assessment questionnaire given to each director to ensure the effectiveness of processes and to identify areas of improvement. The assessment covers, among others, appraisal of Management, including our President and CEO.  Board Performance (Company website)



-				,
		by the board includes		https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-di
		continuous review of the		rectors/performance.html
		internal structure of the		
		company to ensure that		GLO i-ACGR, pp. 32-33 (Recommendation 2.8(2))
		there are clear lines of		<u>στο ι νοσιν' ήδι 35-33 (μεσοιμμεμασίομ 5'ο(5))</u>
		accountability for		https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE
		management throughout		C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf
		the organisation. Such		C-FOITH-FACGR-2025-PSLSLCReceived26May2024.pdl
		monitoring should also		CI O 2022 TD 45
		include whether the		GLO 2023 IR, p. 45
		company's governance		https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo
		framework remains		<u>be-Integrated-Report.pdf</u>
		appropriate in light of		
		material changes to the		
		company's size, complexity,		
		business strategy, markets,		
		and regulatory		
		requirements. In addition		
		to requiring the monitoring		
		and disclosure of corporate		
		governance practices on a		
		regular basis, at least in		
		summary form, many		
		jurisdictions have moved to		
		recommend, or indeed		
		mandate, assessment by		
		boards of their		
		performance and of the		
		performance of their		
		committees, individual		
		board members, the chair		
		and the CEO.		
Board A	Appraisal			
D.5.5	Did the company conduct an annual performance	G20/OECD Principles of		The Board conducts an annual self-assessment exercise through a
7.5.5	assessment of the board of	Corporate Governance	VEC	self-assessment questionnaire given to each director to ensure the
	assessment of the bodiu of	(2023): V: The	YES	effectiveness of processes and to identify areas of improvement. The
		Responsibilities of the		enectiveness of processes and to identify areas of improvement. The
	-			!



directors/commissioners and disclose the criteria and process followed for the assessment?

Board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.3 Monitoring the effectiveness of the company's governance practices and making changes as needed. ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 3: Composition and appointment 3.3 Evaluation Board evaluation should be conducted annually to review composition in alignment with the company's long-term strategy, succession planning and policy on diversity, equity and inclusion. The board should undertake a rigorous review of its performance (as a collective body), the company secretary (where such a position exists), the board's committees and individual directors prior to being proposed for election. The board should periodically (preferably every three years) engage an independent outside consultant to undertake an external evaluation. The Lead Independent Director and Nomination Committee should be responsible for performance evaluation of

assessment covers, among others, appraisal of the Board, individual directors, and different Board committees.

#### Board Performance (Company website)

https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/performance.html

# GLO i-ACGR, pp. 59-61 (Recommendation 6.1-6.2(1))

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SE C-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf

#### GLO 2023 IR, p. 45

https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf



	Appraisal	the chair. The board should disclose the process for evaluation and, as far as reasonably possible, any material issues of relevance arising from the conclusions and/or actions taken as a consequence.		
D.5.6	Did the company conduct an annual performance assessment of the individual directors/commissioners and disclose the criteria and process followed for the assessment?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V: The Responsibilities of the Board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.3 Monitoring the effectiveness of the company's governance practices and making changes as needed. ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 3: Composition and appointment 3.3 Evaluation Board evaluation should be conducted annually to review composition in alignment with the company's long-term strategy, succession planning and policy on diversity, equity and inclusion. The board should undertake a rigorous review of its performance (as a collective body), the company secretary (where	YES	The Board conducts an annual self-assessment exercise through a self-assessment questionnaire given to each director to ensure the effectiveness of processes and to identify areas of improvement. The assessment covers, among others, appraisal of individual directors.  Board Performance (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/performance.html  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 59-61 (Recommendation 6.1-6.2(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf  GLO 2023 IR, p. 45 https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Globe-Integrated-Report.pdf



		such a position exists), the board's committees and individual directors prior to being proposed for election. The board should periodically (preferably every three years) engage an independent outside consultant to undertake an external evaluation. The Lead Independent Director and Nomination Committee should be responsible for performance evaluation of the chair. The board should disclose the process for evaluation and, as far as reasonably possible, any material issues of relevance arising from the conclusions and/or actions taken as a consequence		
Committ	ee Appraisal			
2.5.7	Did the company conduct an annual performance assessment of the board committees and disclose the criteria and process followed for the assessment?	G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance (2023): V. The Responsibilities of the Board V.D. The board should fulfil certain key functions, including: V.D.3 Monitoring the effectiveness of the company's governance practices and making changes as needed. ICGN (2021) PRINCIPLE 3: Composition and	YES	The Board conducts an annual self-assessment exercise through a self-assessment questionnaire given to each director to ensure the effectiveness of processes and to identify areas of improvement. The assessment covers, among others, appraisal of the board committees.  Board Performance (Company website) https://www.globe.com.ph/about-us/corporate-governance/board-of-directors/performance.html  GLO i-ACGR, pp. 59-61 (Recommendation 6.1-6.2(1)) https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-05/Globe-SEC-Form-i-ACGR-2023-PSESECReceived28May2024.pdf



ar	ppointment 3.3 Evaluation	GLO 2023 IR, p. 45
	oard evaluation should be	https://www.globe.com.ph/sites/globe.com.ph/files/2024-04/2023-Glo
	onducted annually to	be-Integrated-Report.pdf
	eview composition in	<u>be-integrated-keport.pdf</u>
	lignment with the	
	ompany's long-term	
	trategy, succession	
	lanning and policy on	
	iversity, equity and	
in	nclusion. The board should	
	ndertake a rigorous	
	eview of its performance	
	as a collective body), the	
	ompany secretary (where	
	uch a position exists), the	
	oard's committees and	
	ndividual directors prior to	
	eing proposed for	
	lection. The board should	
	eriodically (preferably	
	very three years) engage	
	n independent outside	
	onsultant to undertake an	
	xternal evaluation. The	
	ead Independent Director	
	nd Nomination Committee	
	hould be responsible for	
	erformance evaluation of	
	ne chair. The board should	
	isclose the process for	
	valuation and, as far as	
	easonably possible, any	
	naterial issues of relevance	
	rising from the	
	onclusions and/or actions	
	aken as a consequence	

